Trawler Sect ®

BOAT SHOW – EDUCATIONAL EXPERIENCE – RENDEZVOUS

PassageMaker Magazine 2024 Modern Navigation Electronics Overview Anacortes, WA – Tuesday May 14th Presented by Jeff Merrill, CPYB

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A question?

Anyone have experience with modern navigation electronics?

Jeff Merrill and Eric Bescoby from JMYS standing in for Bob Sweet

Basic Navigation – Paper Charts

Know how to read a paper chart • Continually cross reference with electronic charts • Tools – Dividers and Parallels Depth – safe waters, shoals, etc. Shipping Lanes Obstructions, wrecks Buoys and aids to navigation Organize charts in the order you will use them

Paper Charts – out and ready!

202

Pilothouse Tools

Binoculars "long eyes"

 Night vision (FLIR), hand held monocular Clock – local and GMT
Calculator

Barometer



Closed Circuit TV

Chart Guide

 Spot light – built in, hand held

Hand held compass

Pilothouse Tools

Binoculars "long eyes" Night vision (FLIR), hand held monocular Closed Circuit TV Spot light – built in, hand held Flash light, red lens Good pencil & sharpener

Barometer

- Clock local and GMT
- Calculator
- Chart Guide
- Hand held compass
- Back up navigation on laptop
- Nav lights "slide rule"

Navigation Tools



Ships Log (Where are you?)

Record your position, departure and arrival plus machinery hours of operation
Hourly - on the hour - recordings
Typical details - Lat/Lon, speed, RPM, heading, miles offshore, distance to waypoint, wind and sea conditions

Depth Sounder

VHF – 16, How to talk and switch channels

Digital Compass Autopilot rate gain Satellite

Radar Targets Rings Distance CPA



Latitude and Longitude

Chart Plotter Waypoints Routes

Chart and Radar overlay

<u>Autopilot</u> modes: Auto Auto Standby Nav

AIS – ship tracking

- <u>Autopilot</u> modes: Auto, Standby and Nav
- <u>Radar</u> Targets, Rings, Distance, CPA
- <u>VHF</u> 16, how to talk and switch channels
- <u>Chart Plotter</u> Waypoints, Routes
 <u>GPS</u> – Latitude/Longitude

- <u>Depth</u> Sounder
- AIS ship tracking

Features:

- Chart and Radar overlay
- How to Dim
- How to Mute (Alarms)
- Waypoints / Route

VHF (Very High Frequency) Primary source for ship to ship communications.





VHF Communications

- VHF radio Ship to Ship (line of sight)
- Hi vs. Lo settings (close range or far away)
- Weather channel on VHF (Channel 3 or 4)
- Radio check (Channel 27)
- Channel 22A "Twenty Two Alpha" USCG communications to a boat
- Working channels –switch to 68, 69, 71, 72, 78
- MOB Latitude/Longitude distress signal

Fog horn, Hailer

VHF – calling for Help

This is like 9-1-1. Captain should make the call
"Mayday Mayday Mayday" (Broadcast if you are in imminent danger and need immediate assistance)
The USCG will ask... "Your coordinates?"

"How many souls are aboard?"
"Describe your boat colors"

All crew will be asked to put on life jackets

Depth Sounder Fish Finder shows bottom contours



Depth

If you don't have water under the keel...

• What does your boat draw?

 Set transducer to measure from keel
 Someday you <u>will</u> run aground (Tow Boat US/ Vessel Assist). Back off, wait for tides

GPS – Global Positioning System

Knowing your Latitude and Longitude is a key navigational development, surely much easier and more accurate than a sextant – revolutionary development – has allowed cruising to become more mainstream



AIS (Automatic Identification System) Integrates a VHF transceiver with GPS coordinates and navigation sensors to "exchange" information between ships Details like ships name, length, speed, heading, destination - and time to closest possible approach Very helpful, don't forget Radar blips that are also targets without AIS

AIS target (Variable range, 6 - 12 miles average.)

+

Luci

48°

16

- Lessel - Marked Marked

AIS details

J

EVER ELITE

 COG/SOG
 290.0
 *T/16.8 kt

 CPA/TCPA
 2.372 nm/-1m58s

 Range/Bearing
 2.400 nm/208.7
 *T

Name

X

COG/SOG

HU RM

	1:	
	4	Object Detail
1	Name	EVER ELITE
	MMSI	235554000
	COG	290.0 °T
	SOG	16.8 kt
	ROT	+0.0 °/m
	СРА	2.383 nm
1	ТСРА	-1m41s
Nº.	Range	2.403 nm
	Bearing	209.3 °T
K.	Destination	KAOHSIUNG
	Ais Status	Normal
	Call Sign	VSJG7
	Beam	42.0 m
	Length	299 m
PT	Position	48°19.9430' N; 124°05.9380' W
R	NavStatus	Under way using engine

KET

2.57[.] 213.9

Hdg 267.5

Hdg

266.1

RADAR



 "Charts are legend, GPS is theory, Radar is TRUTH!" Author unknown

 Radar rings help with distance (Zoom in and Zoom out frequently)

Targets – ARPA – Auto Radar Plotting Aids



Distance Rings – calculate distances 168.9



Plotting: (Paper and Electronic Charts)

Hourly pencil Lat/Lon on Paper Chart

 Paper Charts are a reliable back up if you lose electronic navigation plotting

Electronic charts are not fool proof...

Chart Plotting – Electronic Chart features

Set up Waypoints (GPS coordinates) Create a Route (connect Waypoints) Can save Routes, also pre-program trips • Move Cursor and "Go-to" it on Chart Connect Autopilot to Navigate the Route Leave a "bread crumb" trail Can overlay Chart and Radar Center Boat on Screen



"Bread Crumb Trail"

This is a very useful feature Shows where you have been good if you need to retreat Keep tides/depths in mind when using same trail Helps orientation, especially at night Also works with anchoring alerts

Targets on chart (CPA = Closest Possible Approach)

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KES USABN

N. C. C.

Autopilot







Autopilot settings

"Hands Free" much easier than steering

"A" Autopilot –Digital compass course

"N" Navigate – Route to next Waypoint

"S" Standby – Hand steer

What's Up? Electronic Navigation

- Radar and Chart can be Course Up, Heading Up or North Up
- If your boat is heading North, it's easy
 When heading South, it's confusing
 Know how to change the screen orientation so that it is logical to you



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Plotter and Radar – Heading Up

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Weather or not...

Nav/Comm equipment is a luxury for operations
The weather is the controlling factor for all cruisers
Chris Parker seminar

Weather Factors before you depart... Go/No Go parameters

*Sea state - Swell - 6' and smaller
*Period between Swells - 8 seconds or longer
*Winds - below Gale force (40 knots)
*Barometer - dropping usually signifies stormy weather

Weather Websites

www.noaa.gov – National Weather service www.buoyweather.com – Sea State www.sailflow.com – Wind speed and direction www.darksky.com – Local weather www.intellicast.com – Weather www.stormsurf.com - Weather

Weather Forecasts Underway:

*IridiumGo (with Predict Wind offshore app)
*Satellite Radio – XM/Sirius forecast service
*VHF – channel 3 and 4
*Professional Weather Routers – Chris Parker
*Internet, if you have it aboard

Rough Weather Suggestions

- Anticipate and prepare, sometimes you have to go through it...it won't last forever
- Change course and/or reduce speed to make it a more comfortable ride
 Head back the way you came?

Garmin inReach

*Two Way Texting *Subscription you can turn on/off.





Text, talk, email and download weather max plan \$140/Mo.

Antenna box – connects to satellite – Wi-Fi signal to apps on phone.

Cell phone boosters

Mobile hot spots

The internet aboard?



Safety electronics

Man-overboard Distress calling What else?

Personal Locator Beacons





Questions?

Thank you!